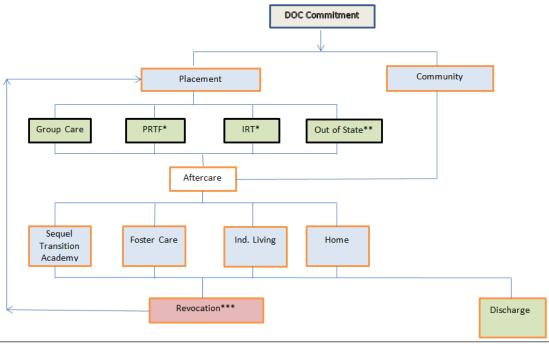
Department of Corrections

How does a juvenile work their way through the system?

DOC Juvenile System Flowchart



- * PRTF (Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facility) and IRT (Intensive Residential Treatment) require medical necessity be met. This is determined through State Review Team (SRT) recommendation with final medical necessity determination by Peer Review Organization (PRO). Group care placement is determined by the Department of Corrections and paid by general funds. PRTF/IRT is paid for by a combination of general and federal funds.
- ** The South Dakota Department of Corrections contracts for Group Care and PRTF/IRT levels of care both in and out-of-state
- ***Revocation of aftercare may occur in accordance with SDCL 26-11A-15. If the independent hearing officer finds probable cause that the terms and conditions of aftercare have been violated by committing an act subject to transfer proceedings pursuant to § 26-11-3.1, a crime of violence pursuant to subdivision 22-1-2(9), sex offense pursuant to § 22-24B-1, felony sexual registry offense pursuant to chapter 22-24B, or burglary in the second degree pursuant to § 22-32-3; or that the juvenile presents a significant risk of physical harm to another person and has committed a new law violation, an aftercare revocation hearing shall be held before a member of the Board of Pardons and Paroles created in § 24-13-1 within thirty days of the temporary detention or shelter hearing. For the purposes of this section, a new law violation is defined as delinquent behavior pursuant to § 26-8C-2, a Class 1 misdemeanor violation of title 32, or a violation of § 32-23-21. The juvenile, with the consent of a parent, guardian, or custodian, has the right to waive this hearing at any time after the juvenile is detained and after advisement that waiver of the right to appear before the Board of Pardons and Paroles may result in the juvenile being returned to placement

Department of Social Services

As part of JJRI, Department of Social Services (DSS) was tasked to provide evidencebased treatment services to youth involved or at-risk of involvement with the juvenile justice system.

Map of Community Agencies Providing JJRI Services:

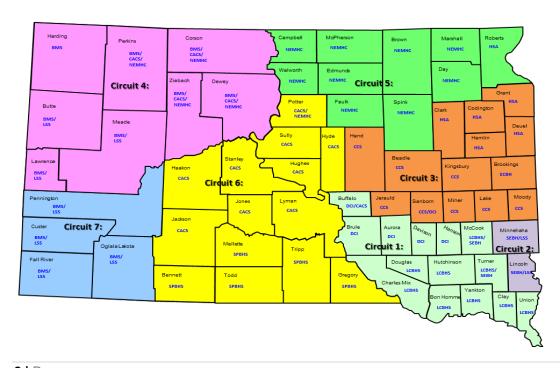
There are eleven community agencies providing Functional Family Therapy (FFT) to ensure access is available statewide. Providers were selected through a competitive bidding process.

In January 2017, Moral Reconation Therapy (seven agencies) and Aggression Replacement Training (five agencies) became available.

Agencies Providing JJRI Services:

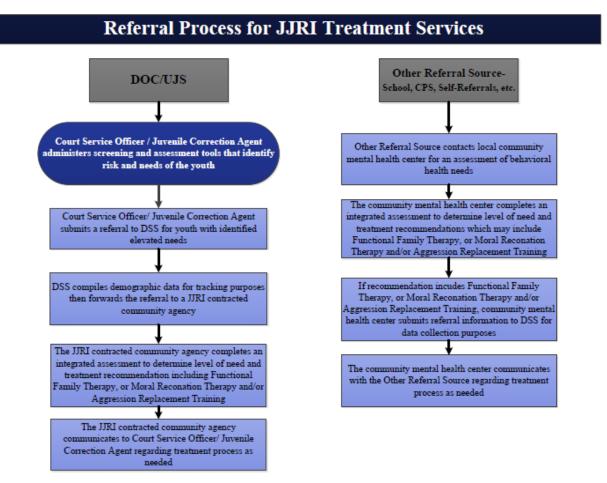
- Behavior Management Systems (BMS)
- Capital Area Counseling (CACS)
- Community Counseling Services (CCS)
- Dakota Counseling Institute (DCI)
- East Central Behavioral Health (ECBH)
- Human Services Agency (HSA)

- Lewis & Clark Behavioral Health Services (LCBHS)
- Lutheran Social Services (LSS)
- Northeastern Mental Health Center (NEMHC)
- Southeastern Behavioral Health (SEBH)
- Southern Plains Behavioral Health Services (SPBHS)



Referral Process:

Referrals to JJRI services come from UJS Court Service Officers and DOC Juvenile Corrections Agents. Referrals can also come from sources such as parents seeking assistance, Child Protection Services, school districts, and internal referrals made by agencies for youth at risk of justice involvement.



JJRI Evidence-Based Treatment Service Descriptions:

Functional Family Therapy (FFT):

FFT is an intensive treatment program that targets externalizing behaviors ranging from mild to severe including substance use, family problems, and acting out behavior. FFT lasts approximately 4-6 months. Because FFT encompasses a broad approach to treatment, referrals for additional services are not typically needed.

Moral Reconation Therapy (MRT):

MRT is a cognitive-behavioral counseling program that combines education, group and individual counseling, and structured exercises designed to assist participants in addressing negative thought and behavior patterns.

<u>Aggression Replacement Training (ART):</u>

ART is a cognitive behavioral intervention, training individuals to cope with their aggressive and violent behaviors. The program consists 30 sessions and is divided into three components—social skills training, anger-control training, and training in moral reasoning.

Data and Outcomes:

Data on referrals and services is tracked including: demographic information, number of referrals, number of clients served, reasons for discharge, number of successful completions, and treatment pacing.

Clients Served:

	FY 16	Q1 & Q2 FY17
Functional Family Therapy	223	376

Unified Judicial System

